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**6 SEM TDC GGRH (CBCS) C 13**

**2025**

( May )

**GEOGRAPHY**

( Core )

Paper : C-13

**( Evolution of Geographic Thought )**

*Full Marks : 80*

*Pass Marks : 32*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) Who described State as an organism?  
(Humboldt/Isaiah Bowman/Mackinder/  
Ratzel)

(Choose the correct one)

(b) Who described 'Quantitative Revolution'  
as a radical transformation of the spirit  
and purpose of geography?

( 2 )

(c) The concept of Lebensraum became popular in the discipline of political geography after the publication of (*Making Political Geography/ Geographical Pivot of History/ Cosmography/ Politische Geographie*).

(Choose the correct one)

(d) Which Arabian geographer gave the idea of the origin of monsoon in India?

(e) The term 'geography' was coined by (Hipparchus/Herodotus/Eratosthenes/Posidonius).

(Choose the correct one)

(f) *Iliad* and *Odyssey* were written by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Fill in the blank)

(g) Who first used the Babylonian instrument 'Gnomon'?

(h) Who is known as the father of geography?

2. Write short notes on any four of the following :  
5×4=20

(a) Paradigm shift in geography

(b) Dark age in geography

(c) Contribution of Anaximander to geographical thought

(d) Post-modernism

(e) Behaviouralism in geography

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( Continued )

( 3 )

3. Write a note on the contribution of Greek geographers during the classical period. 12

Or

Discuss the contribution of Roman geographers with special reference to Strabo and Ptolemy. 12

4. Discuss about the contribution of German geographers with special reference to Alexander von Humboldt and Carl Ritter. 12

Or

Write a note on the contribution of British geographers mentioning the works of Halford J. Mackinder. 12

5. What are the dichotomies in geography? Explain in detail about the concept of environmental determinism and possibilism. 4+10=14

Or

What is neo-determinism? Explain the concept as proposed by Ellsworth Huntington. 2+12=14

6. What is quantitative revolution in geography? What is its relevance in geography? In what way behavioural geographers opposed the idea of quantification? 2+3+9=14

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( Turn Over )

( 4 )

Or

What are the recent trends in geography? In this regard, explain the changing concept of space in geography. 6+8=14

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**6 SEM TDC GGRH (CBCS) C 14**

**2025**

( May )

**GEOGRAPHY**

( Core )

Paper : C-14

**( Disaster Management )**

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed :  $1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) In which year was the Disaster Management Act passed in India?

(b) The term 'tsunami' is of Japanese/ Chinese origin.

( Choose the correct answer )

(c) The highest number of tropical cyclones is experienced by Pacific / Atlantic Ocean.

( Choose the correct answer )

( 2 )

(d) The National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) is under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister/President.

( Choose the correct answer )

(e) Community-based disaster mitigation approach is known as top-down/ bottom-up approach.

( Choose the correct answer )

2. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :  
4×3=12

(a) Distinction between hazard and disaster

(b) Impact of cyclones

(c) NIDM

(d) Disaster preparedness

3. Answer any *three* of the following questions :  
12×3=36

(a) Define disaster. Discuss about risk vs. vulnerability in disaster management.  
2+10=12

(b) State the causes responsible for flood disaster in India. Discuss the positive and negative impacts of this disaster.  
6+3+3=12

( 3 )

(c) Discuss the causes and impacts of man-made disasters. Give an overview of the man-made disasters in India.  
3+3+6=12

(d) Discuss the role of indigenous knowledge and community-based practices in disaster management. 12

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